Trick Rule Clarification

- 1) Credit for tricks Fall as a result of a tricks
- 2) Tricks at the end of the pass
- 3) Hesitation
- 4) Preturn Wake tricks

Credit for tricks - Fall as a result of a trick

9.16: Credit for Tricks

- a) To receive credit for any trick the skier must remain in or return to skiing position.
- b) Only tricks listed in the Rules will be scored in a competition.

skiing position is defined in rule 7.03:

7.03: Definition of Skiing Position

Skiing position is defined as that position in which all the following exists:

- a) The skier has possession of the tow line.
- b) The skier is riding forward or backward with a ski or skis on his feet.
- c) The weight of the skier is entirely supported by his ski or skis, or the skier is ultimately able to regain control.

Who credits tricks is defined in rule 9.12

9.12: Officials

There shall be

Each Judge shall watch and record the tricks independently. He shall list each trick attempted by the skier and decide with respect to each trick:

- a) if it was performed according to the rules governing that trick. (rule 9.22)
- b) if it was started after the beginning of the pass.

and this is the first part and clearly defines when a trick is credited or not.

Tricks at the end of the pass

9.17: Tricks at the End of the Pass

- a) A trick not completed before the end of a pass shall not be scored.
 - (rule 9.15 applies: A completed trick shall be judged to have been in time if the part of the ski under the binder is on the water in the last frame picture) Timers will decide that.
- b) A trick completed before the end of a pass shall not be scored if the skier ultimately falls as a result of that trick, even if the fall is after the conclusion of the pass.

(Rule 7.03, 9.12 and 9.22 applies - pink sheets)

Hesitations - No pause

9.22: Trick Descriptions and Values

a) Definition of a Trick

A trick is any activity which occurs between two hesitations. Credit

This definition has been much discussed in the past.

Appendix "A" to WSC 2023-01-23 minutes

For surface tricks, we all agree.

For Wake Tricks:

First of all, it's a Judgement call, but some more consideration is needed:

Many skiers after landing in back or front position from a trick, jump or turn immediately to the front or to the back most of the time continuing to rotate in the same direction. After a long debate we found a kind of agreement on the following:

If the skiers land in the correct position backwards or forward, that is considered:

- The conclusion of the trick, and
- The beginning of the next.

Landing in the correct position will also be considered as a pause. This satisfies the requirements of the rule in 9.22.

Preturn - Wake Tricks

This specific rule changes were discussed during the 2009 WSC meeting In Canada.

The wording had been proposed by Russel Gay and so reported on the rulebook.

As a clarification:

The rotation cannot start before the skier begins the extension phase (push/pop) or, if this does not happen, he is discharging his weight from the ski.

In the case of Flips where there is no extension, but you go from edging directly to the execution of the trick, the edge be maintained up to the crest of the wave.

In case of a flip with rotation, the rotation cannot take place before the skier reaches the crest of the wave and begins his aerial phase.

In both cases after the (push/pop) the ski can remain in contact with the water for a certain period but not bearing the weight of the skier.